Supported Employment in Practice

An Overview of Supported Employment Programs and Practices





About Us



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Legal and Technical Assistance | Policy | Advocacy | Planning

HomeBase/The Center for Common Concerns



About HomeBase



HomeBase is a San Francisco-based nonprofit public interest law firm that provides legal and technical assistance. We work on the local, state, and national level to support communities in implementing responses to homelessness.

Our Goals for Today

- **Best Practices:** Understand best practices in the provision of high-quality supported employment services (the Fidelity model)
- Washington's 1115 Medicaid Waiver: Understand the supported employment services and eligible persons that are covered under Washington's Section 1115 Medicaid Waiver



Model Practices

An Overview of Supported Employment Services and Best Practices



Supported Employment & Supportive Housing





The IPS Model

Individual Placement and Support (IPS)

IPS supported employment is an evidence-based practice designed to assist individuals with significant barriers to work in regular jobs related to their work preferences



Core Principles of Supported Employment Programs

- Open to All: Every person who wants to work is eligible
- Competitive Jobs: Clients are assisted to obtain regular jobs
- Integration with Treatment: IPS services are integrated with mental health treatment
- Personalization: Personalized benefit planning is provided
- Immediate Job Search: Job search begins as soon as people express interest
- Relationships with Employers: Employment specialists build relationships with employers based upon their clients' work preferences
- No Time Limits: No time limits are placed on the provision of individual job supports
- Client-Focused: Client preferences are honored





Types of Services

- Appropriate combination of:
 - Vocational/job-related discovery and/or assessment
 - Job placement
 - Job development
 - Negotiation with prospective employers
 - Job analysis
 - Job carving
 - Training and systemic instructions
 - Job coaching

- Support to establish or maintain selfemployment (i.e., home-based selfemployment)
- Benefits support
- Training and planning
- Transportation
- Asset development and career advancement services
- Other workplace support services
 (including services not specifically related
 to job skills training that enable a person
 to better integrate into the job setting)





Planning and Evaluating Your Implementation



Fidelity Scale

A tool used to measure the implementation of an evidence-based best practice

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In a Supported Employment Context...

IPS Supported Employment Fidelity Scale

A tool used to measure the implementation of the IPS supported employment model that can be used to:

- Serve as a roadmap for implementation
- Differentiate between programs based on implementation level
- Monitor programs over the course of development





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How It Works

- Three Sections: The IPS Supported Employment Fidelity Scale is divided into three sections, each of which are focus on a certain type current behavior and/or activities: Staffing, Organization, and Services
- Scoring: Each item is rated on a scale of 1-5, with 1 indicating no implementation and 5 indicating full implementation

Download SAMHSA's Guide to Evaluating Your Supported Employment Program (which includes the Fidelity Scale) here:

https://store.samhsa.gov/shin/content/SMA08-4365/EvaluatingYourProgram-SE.pdf





Supported Employment Best Practices: Staffing



Evaluation Criteria

Caseload Size



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Ratio of 25 or fewer clients per employment specialist



Supported Employment Best Practices: Staffing



Evaluation Criteria

Vocational Services Staff



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Employment specialists provide only vocational services

Supported Employment Best Practices: Staffing



Evaluation Criteria

Vocational Generalists



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Employment specialists carry out all six phases of employment service (including intake, engagement, assessment, job placement, job coaching, and follow-along supports)

Supported Employment Best Practices: Organization



Evaluation Criteria

Integration of Rehabilitation with Mental Health Treatment



- Employment specialists are attached to one or more case management treatment teams with shared decision-making;
- Attend one or more treatment meetings per week; and
- Have at least 3 consumer-related case manager contacts per week



Supported Employment Best Practices: Organization



Evaluation Criteria

Vocational Unit



- Employment specialists form a vocational unit with group supervision at least weekly
- Provide services for each other's cases and backup and support for each other





Supported Employment Best Practices: Organization



Evaluation Criteria

Zero Exclusion Criteria



- All consumers are encouraged to participate
- Several sources (self-referral, family members, self-help groups, etc.) solicit referrals







Evaluation Criteria

Ongoing, work-based vocational assessment



- Vocational assessment is ongoing and occurs in community jobs.
- Minimal testing may occur but not as a prerequisite to the job search.
- Aims at problem-solving using environmental assessments and considering reasonable accommodations





Evaluation Criteria

Rapid Search for Competitive Jobs



Best Practice / Full Implementation

First contact with an employer about a competitive job is typically within 1 month after program entry





Evaluation Criteria

Individualized Job Search



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Most employer contacts are based on job choices, which reflect consumers' preferences and needs rather than the job market.





Evaluation Criteria

Diversity of Jobs Developed



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Employment specialists provide options for either the same types of jobs, e.g., janitorial, or jobs at the same work settings, less than 10% of the time.





Evaluation Criteria

Permanence of Jobs Developed



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Virtually all competitive jobs offered by employment specialists are permanent.





Evaluation Criteria

Jobs as Transitions



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Employment specialists help consumers end jobs when appropriate and offer to help them all find another job.



Evaluation Criteria

Follow Along Supports



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Most working consumers are provided flexible, follow-along supports that are individualized and ongoing.





Evaluation Criteria

Community-based Services



Best Practice / Full Implementation

Employment specialists spend 70% or more of time in community.





Evaluation Criteria

Assertive Engagement and Outreach



- Employment specialists make multiple contacts as part of initial engagement and at least monthly on a time-unlimited basis when consumers stop attending the vocational service; and
- Employment specialists demonstrate tolerance of different levels of readiness using gentle encouragement.



Hear From Your Peer: Mike Donegan, Supported Employment Manager, Downtown Emergency Service Center (Seattle)

- Benefits of fidelity reviews
- Benefits of dedicated Supported Employment staff



Learn More about DESC's Supported Employment Program at

http://www.desc.org/employs.html





Case Study 1

Building Changes Employment Navigator and Rapid Rehousing Pilot – Seattle, WA

- Target: Homeless families receiving rapid rehousing
- Goal: Assist heads of homeless families to secure steady employment, increase earned income, and maintain stable housing

BUILDING CHANGES





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Case Study 1 (Cont'd)

Building Changes Employment Navigator and Rapid Rehousing Pilot – Seattle, WA

Component 1: Employment Navigator

- Staff person working for a workforce service provider
- Helps family build connections to local workforce programs and resources
- Works directly with heads of families to address unique barriers and needs

Component 2: Team Approach

- Family, Employment Navigator, RRH case manager, other service providers
- Meets regularly to consult with one another and coordinate with the family
- Connects families with other resources to overcome barriers to employment (e.g., legal aid, childcare, etc.)

Additional Program Components

• Flex funds (money for emergency services to immediately help a family maintain employment), lasting support (navigator prepares family for "benefit cliff" when income increases), and learning cycle (direct-service staff and supervisors evaluate pilot every 4-6 weeks)



Case Study 1 (Cont'd)

Building Changes Employment Navigator and Rapid Rehousing Pilot – Seattle, WA

Key Takeaways:

- Begin income and employment conversation as early as possible
- Develop and engage key workforce partners
- Availability of flexible financial assistance is important
- Sustainability: use data, best practices, and partnerships to build the case
- Leverage QIOA and other funding options

Challenges

- Data coordination across systems
- Inherent tension with RRH approach

Case Study 2

National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) Metro Suburban – Chicago, IL

Services for Candidates/Clients:

- Career planning, focused on personal goals and preferences
- Individualized coaching, mock interviews, and on-the-job support to help foster strong employer-employee relationships

Services for Employers:

- No cost to employers
- Pre-screening to match candidate skills with employer needs
- Connection to resources/tax credits for employers employing persons with disabilities

Partners: Dollar Tree, Brookfield Zoo, Chicago Lighthouse, Riveredge Hospital, and more



Washington's 1115 Medicaid Waiver Supported Employment Benefit

An Overview of Supported Employment Services and Best Practices



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Background



Transforming lives

- 1115 Waivers: Five-year demonstration project to expand eligibility, restructure funding or payment processes, or use Medicaid to fund any service for which the State can show a medical necessity
- Washington: Submitted a three-part 1115 waiver, including Initiative 3 – Provision of Targeted Foundational Community Supports



Initiative 3 – Provision of Targeted Foundational Community Supports

- Address Linkages: Seeks to address linkages between unemployment, homelessness or housing instability, and poor physical and mental health
- Supported Employment: Creates targeted benefits for supportive housing and supported employment





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Key Features

- Secure and Maintain Employment: Assist people who are eligible for Medicaid and have physical, behavioral, or long-term service needs that make it difficult for them to secure and maintain employment
- Ongoing Services and Supports: Provide ongoing services and support need by those receiving the benefit, including:
 - Individualized Job Coaching and Training
 - Employer Relations
 - Assistance with Job Placement







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Covered Services

- Appropriate combination of:
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Eligible Persons



- Aged, Blind, Disabled (ABD)/Housing & Essential Needs (HEN)
- Individuals with severe and persistent mental illness
- Individuals with multiple episodes of inpatient substance use treatment and/or co-occurring disorders
- Working age youth with behavioral health conditions
- Individuals eligible for long-term care services who have a traumatic brain injury

Eligible Persons (Cont'd)



An individual may be eligible for both supported employment and supportive housing if he or she falls within eligible populations for each benefit and exhibits a medical functional need for both.





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Supported Employment Criteria

- Managed Care Organizations (MCOs):
 - Inability to live in an independent or family setting without support
 - At risk of serious harm to self or others
 - Dysfunction in role performance
 - Risk of deterioration
- Behavioral Health Organizations (BHOs):
 - Access to Care Standards
- Aging and Long-Term Support Administration (ALTSA):
 - Comprehensive Assessment and Reporting Evaluation (CARE)





Questions?



Contact Us

If you have any further questions, please contact us at:

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Thank You!



